## Extra Problems - Answers

1. Simplify without the use of a calculator.

$$-25 \times -4 =$$

100

2. Evaluate without the use of a calculator.

$$(-9)^2 = 81$$

3. Identify the property illustrated in the following problem.

(6+10) + 8 = 6 + (10+8)

Associative Property of Addition

4. Simplify without the use of a calculator.

$$25 \div 5 + 2 \times 3^{2} =$$
$$25 \div 5 + 2 \times 9$$
$$5 + 18$$
$$23$$

5. Use the given values of the variables to find the value of the following expression.

10x + 5y, when x = 5, y = -210(5) + 5(-2)50 + (-10)40

6. Simplify.

$$x \cdot x^6 \cdot x^3 =$$
$$x^{1+6+3}$$
$$x^{10}$$

7. Simplify.

$$\frac{45x^5}{9x^3} = 5x^{5-3}$$

8. Simplify without the use of a calculator.

$$(12)^0 =$$

9. Simplify without the use of a calculator.

$$64^{\frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{64} = 4$$

- 10. Complete the ordered pair for the following equation.
  - x + 7y = 15(1, \_\_\_\_) 1 + 7y = 157y = 14y = 2(1,2)
- 11. Find the x and y intercepts of the given linear equation.

$$x + 3y = 9$$

For the x intercept y = 0 x + 3(0) = 9 x = 9(9,0)

For the y intercept x = 0 0 + 3y = 9 3y = 9 y = 3(0,3)

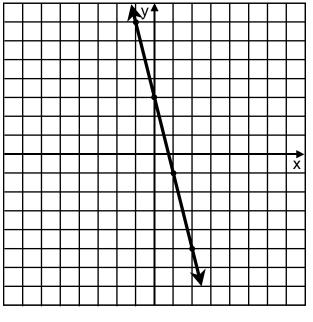
12. Find the slope of the line that contains the following points using the slope formula.

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{5 - (-1)}{-7 - 5} = \frac{6}{-12} = \frac{1}{-2} \text{ or } \frac{-1}{2}$$

13. Graph the following linear equation.

$$y = -4x + 3$$

(-7,5) and (5,-1)



(0,3) (1,-1) (-1,7) (2,-5)

14. Find the equation of the line with the given point and slope. Graph the line.

$$m = \frac{3}{5}, \quad (-4, -4)$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$
  

$$y - (-4) = \frac{3}{5}(x - (-4))$$
  

$$y + 4 = \frac{3}{5}x + \frac{12}{5}$$
  

$$y = \frac{3}{5}x - \frac{8}{5}$$

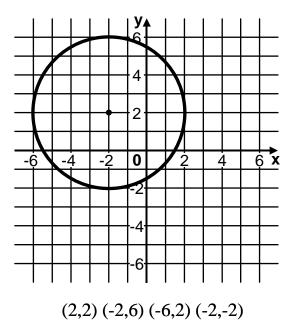
15. Find the distance between the two given points to the nearest tenth.

(6,4) and (-3,12)  

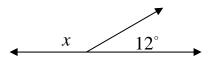
$$\sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$
  
 $\sqrt{(6 - (-3))^2 + (4 - 12)^2}$   
 $\sqrt{81 + 64}$   
 $\sqrt{145}$   
12.0

16. Graph the following equation.

$$(x+2)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 16$$



17. Find *x* if the angles are supplementary.

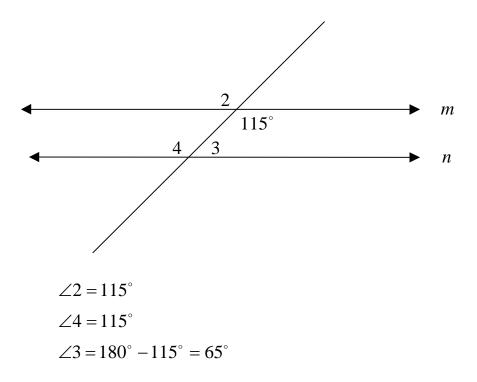


 $180^{\circ} - 12^{\circ} = 168^{\circ}$  $x = 168^{\circ}$ 

18. Convert the following decimal measure to DMS (Decimal Minutes Seconds).

45.543  $45^{\circ}$   $.543 \cdot 60 = 32.58$  32'  $.58 \cdot 60 = 34.8$  34.8'' $45^{\circ}32'34.8''$ 

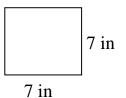
19. Given that lines *m* and *n* are parallel, find the measure of  $\angle 2, \angle 3, \angle 4$  if



20. Find the length of the hypotenuse of a right triangle whose legs have lengths of 30 m and 40 m.

$$a^{2} + b^{2} = c^{2}$$
  
 $30^{2} + 40^{2} = c^{2}$   
 $900 + 1600 = c^{2}$   
 $2500 = c^{2}$   
 $50 = c$   
 $c = 50$  m

21. Find the perimeter and area of the following figure.



A = s<sup>2</sup> A = 7<sup>2</sup> A = 49 in<sup>2</sup> P = 4s P = 4(7)P = 28 in

22. Find the circumference and area of a circle with a diameter of 30 inches to the nearest tenth.

$$C = \pi d$$
  

$$C = (3.14)(30)$$
  

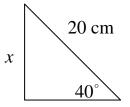
$$C = 94.2 \text{ in}$$
  

$$A = \pi r^{2}$$
  

$$A = (3.14)(15)^{2}$$
  

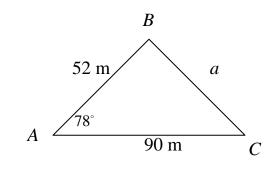
$$A = 706.5 \text{ in}^{2}$$

23. In the following right triangle, find the length of side x to the nearest tenth.



$$\sin 40^\circ = \frac{x}{20}$$
$$.6428 = \frac{x}{20}$$
$$12.856 = x$$
$$x = 12.9 \text{ cm}$$

24. Find the area of the given triangle to the nearest tenth.



$$A = \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$
  

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(90)(52) \sin 78^{\circ}$$
  

$$A = 2340(.9781)$$
  

$$A = 2288.754$$
  

$$A = 2288.8 \text{ m}^{2}$$

25. Find c in the given triangle to the nearest tenth.

